Name \_\_\_\_

A State of the

代前周辺

	S IION 1
SHO	<b>RT ANSWER</b> Answer the following questions in the space provided.
<b>1.</b> ]	In what way does the photoelectric effect support the particle theory of light?
-	
•	
<b>2.</b> `	What is the difference between the ground state and the excited state of an atom?
-	
-	
3. 1	Under what circumstances can an atom emit a photon?
-	
<b>4.</b> ]	How can the energy levels of the atom be determined by measuring the light emitted from ar
-	
•	
5.	Why does electromagnetic radiation in the ultraviolet region represent a larger energy transit
<b>5.</b>	Why does electromagnetic radiation in the ultraviolet region represent a larger energy transit than does radiation in the infrared region?

me		_ Date	(	Class	
CTION 1 continued					
Which of the waves show drawing.) Explain your ar	n below has the hig nswer.	her frequency?	(The scale is the	ne same for each	
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	elength 7				
	Wave A		Wave B	<b>,</b>	
	i			ta pa	
• • • • • •	· · ·			·····	
	· · ·		 		
• How many different photo spectrum shown below? E	ons of radiation wer Explain your answer	e emitted from	excited helium	atoms to form the	
			Spectr	um for helium	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>				<u> </u>
·					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			• .
					and a state of the
··· .		· · ·		<u></u>	
<b>OBLEMS</b> Write the an ovided.	swer on the line	to the left. Sh	now all your	work in the space	<b>!</b> •
•	_ What is the frequ	ency of light th	nat has a wavel	ength of 310 nm?	•
	n a se a a				
	и				1. 
	What is the wave	alength of elect	romanatia rad	intion if its fraguons	
•	is $3.2 \times 10^{-2}$ Hz	2?	tomagnetic Tau	lation if its frequence	y
		· · · · ·			
			· .		Ć
					~
	CTRONIS INLATOM	c			STRV

(1

(

SECT	ON 2		
HORT	ANSWER Answer the f	ollowing questions in the	space provided.
السم مسلم	— How many quantum nu orbitals?	mbers are used to describe the	properties of electrons in atomic
	(a) 1 (b) 2	(c) 3 (d) 4	
2	A spherical electron clo	ud surrounding an atomic nuc	leus would best represent
	<ul><li>(a) an s orbital.</li><li>(b) a p orbital.</li></ul>	<ul><li>(c) a combination of two</li><li>(d) a combination of an</li></ul>	o different $p$ orbitals. s and a $p$ orbital.
3	How many electrons ca	n an energy level of $n = 4$ hol	ld?
	<ul><li>(a) 32</li><li>(b) 24</li></ul>	(c) 8 (d) 6	······································
4	How many electrons ca	n an energy level of $n = 2$ hol	ld?
	<ul><li>(a) 32</li><li>(b) 24</li></ul>	(c) 8 (d) 6	
5	Compared with an elect	ron for which $n = 2$ , an electr	con for which $n = 4$ has more
	<ul><li>(a) spin.</li><li>(b) particle nature.</li></ul>	<ul><li>(c) energy.</li><li>(d) wave nature.</li></ul>	
6	According to Bohr, whi	ch is the point in the figure be	low where electrons cannot reside
	<ul><li>(a) point A</li><li>(b) point B</li></ul>	<ul><li>(c) point C</li><li>(d) point D</li></ul>	
	Orbitals	· · · ·	• • •
		Nucleus	

(d) a position where an electron cannot exist.

**27** ARRANGEMENT OF ELECTRONS IN ATOMS

MODERN CHEMISTRY

<b>FION 2</b> continued			
II	otrona hava a maria natural		
How did de Broglie conclude that ele	ctrons have a wave hature?		
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
·······	·		
	· .		
Identify each of the four quantum num	mbers and the properties to	which they refer.	
· .		, · ·	
	· `		
-			
	an a		
		•	
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty i	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty j or "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,'
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,'
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,'
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,'
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty j or "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons oc	cupy "clouds,"
How did the Heisenberg uncertainty por "orbitals"?	principle contribute to the i	dea that electrons or	cupy "clouds,"

**28** ARRANGEMENT OF ELECTRONS IN ATOMS

MODERN CHEMISTRY

SEC	TION 3	
SHOF	TANSWER Answer the followin	g questions in the space provided.
<b>1.</b> S	tate the Pauli exclusion principle, and u ave opposite spin states.	se it to explain why electrons in the same orbital mus
-		
	-	
<b>2.</b> E	Explain the conditions under which the formula $\frac{1}{1s}$ $\frac{1}{2s}$	ollowing orbital notation for helium is possible:
Write	the ground-state electron configu	ration and orbital notation for each of the
TOIIOV		
<b>3.</b> F	hosphorus	

5. Potassium

## MODERN CHEMISTRY

## **SECTION 3** continued

6. Aluminum

**7.** Argon

8. Boron

**9.** Which guideline, Hund's rule or the Pauli exclusion principle, is violated in the following orbital diagrams?



a.

**30** ARRANGEMENT OF ELECTRONS IN ATOMS

 $1s^2$ 

## MODERN CHEMISTRY

「ないなるのである」というないとないないないではないである

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_

(\*\*\*

M	IXED REVIEW
SHO	<b>DRT ANSWER</b> Answer the following questions in the space provided.
1.	Under what conditions is a photon emitted from an atom?
2.	What do quantum numbers describe?
	$1s \qquad 2s \qquad 1s \qquad 1s \qquad 1s \qquad 1s \qquad 1s \qquad 1s \qquad $
4.	$1s \qquad 2p \qquad 1s \qquad 1$
4.	$1s \qquad 2s \qquad 2p \qquad 1s \qquad 1s \qquad 1 \qquad$

## MODERN CHEMISTRY

Copyright © by Holt, Rinehart and Winston. All rights reserved.

31 ARRANGEMENT OF ELECTRONS IN ATOMS

		Date	Class _	
IXED REVIEW continued		e e el como		
5. Elements of the fourth and for filling orbitals. Why is	higher main-energy this so?	levels do not seem t	o follow the no	ormal sequence
·				
			· .	
. How do electrons create the	e colors in a line-emi	ission spectrum?		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>		<u> </u>
		· ·		
<b>b.</b> Potassium				
c. Gallium		······································		. <u></u> .
d. Copper				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

**10.** \_\_\_\_\_ What is the energy of a photon that has a frequency of  $5.0 \times 10^{14}$  Hz?

Section of the sectio